

Department of Music MUSC3032 Music Scistory SS: Baroque & Classical 2 units

#### FALL 2020

(the one we'll always remember)			
Meeting days: T-TH	Dr. Keith Pedersen, Professor of Music		
Meeting times: 10:00-10:55	619.849.2202		
Meeting location: Cooper 118 (?)	keithpedersen@pointloma.edu (contact via Canvas)		
Final Exam: Thursday, Dec. 3; 10:30-1:00	Office Hours: M-W 11:00-12:00; T-TH 8:30-9:30 by arrangement; DROP-IN: <u>F 11:00-12:00</u> CMC 217 (or via Zoom)		

#### **Required Text:**

Burkholder, J. Peter, Donald J. Grout and Claude V Palisca. *A History of Western Music* (HWM), 10<sup>th</sup> edition. New York: W. W. Norton, 2019. (Everyone must have access to online resources provided with new texts.)

#### Suggested (Optional) Resources:

A. Norton Recorded Anthology of Western Music, vols. 1 & 2, 8<sup>th</sup> edition, volume 1 (CDs).
B. Burkholder, J. Peter and Palisca, Claude V. Norton Anthology of Western Music (NAWM), vol. 1, 8<sup>th</sup> edition. New York: W.W. Norton, 2019.

C. Burkholder, J. Peter and Jennifer L. King, *Study and Listening Guide for A History of Western Music*, 10<sup>th</sup> edition. New York: W. W. Norton, 2019.

(Students who have already purchased previous editions of these texts may use them, BUT not all class material will be included. You will have to purchase online resource privileges.)

# **PLNU MISSION**

### TO TEACH ~ TO SHAPE ~ TO SEND

Point Loma Nazarene University exists to provide higher education in a vital Christian community where minds are engaged and challenged, character is modeled and formed, and service is an expression of faith. Being of Wesleyan heritage, we strive to be a learning community where grace is foundational, truth is pursued, and holiness is a way of life.

# **COURSE DESCRIPTION**

**Catalog**: MUH 3032 (2 units): A continued study of Western music development, focusing on principal trends of the Baroque and Classical periods, approximately 1600–1820 A.D.; regular listening to recorded examples, with some score analysis and individual research. Offered fall semester of even years.

Prerequisites: Music History 101 and Music Theory 121 or consent of instructor.

The goal of this course is to help you develop a detailed understanding of the development of Western art music during the Baroque and Classical periods (1600-1800). Musical developments of this time are some of the most significant in our culture's history: opera, sonata, concerto, symphony, string quartet. Instrumental music becomes as important as vocal music, and a growing middle class supports the beginning of concerts and music for the masses.

#### POSITION OF COURSE IN UNIVERSITY CURRICULUM:

This course is required of all music majors.

#### INSTITUTIONAL AND FOUNDATIONAL EXPLORATIONS LEARNING OUTCOMES

#### Context: Growing, In a Christ-Centered Faith Community

**ILO #2:** Students will develop a deeper and more informed understanding of self and others as they negotiate complex environments.

#### DEPARTMENT AND COURSE LEARNING OUTCOMES

2) Historical Perspectives: Become conversant with the essential outline of music history, music literature, and an awareness of significant non-western musical styles	-ILO #2; -DLO A.1. C
<ol> <li>You will be able to:         <ol> <li>Summarize an understanding of the stylistic development in western music history from 1600-1800 as evidenced by performance on exams and the ability to correctly compare music from different styles: <i>e.g.</i> development of concerted and instrumental forms and genres, opera, use of harmonic devices.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Analyze musical works from various cultures and the Baroque and Classical historical periods (using concepts of style, genre, form, <i>etc.</i>) to identify and describe stylistic characteristics of and between selected works (in class, in assignments, and on tests) both aurally and visually (MSMR 1.2.c, 3.1.a, b; 6.2.b).</li> <li>List the important composers, theorists, and works from different schools and style and time periods.</li> <li>Recognize and correctly identify important individual musical works from the western tradition, both aurally and visually.</li> </ol>	MSMR 1.1.c, d, e; 2.4.a; 3.1.a, b, c, d, e and f; 5.1.d MSMR 1.2.c, 3.1.a, MSMR 3.1.c b; 6.2.b
5. Accurately and thoughtfully describe, synthesize and evaluate three academic articles related to course content.	

#### IDEA COURSE EVALUATION OBJECTIVES

- 1. Gaining a basic understanding of the subject
- 2. Developing knowledge and understanding of diverse perspectives, global awareness, other cultures
- 3. Gaining a broader understanding and appreciation of intellectual/cultural activity (music)

### **COURSE CREDIT HOUR INFORMATION**

In the interest of providing sufficient time to accomplish the stated Course Learning Outcomes, this class meets the PLNU credit hour policy for a 2-unit class delivered over 15 weeks. It is anticipated that students will spend a <u>minimum</u> of 37.5 participation hours per credit hour on their coursework. For this course, students will spend an estimated **75-90 total hours** meeting the course learning outcomes (this estimate follows the university guidelines of 2 hours outside work for every hour of class). The time estimations are provided in the Canvas modules.

# **METHODS USED IN THIS COURSE:**

Students enrolled in MUH 3032 will achieve the objectives of the course through multiple methods:

- Class attendance, textbook readings, discussion, class participation, group and individual presentations, and listening exercises
- Listening to and engaging assigned recordings both in and out of class
- Concert attendance at one approved concert and completion of an insightful report (See below for more details.)
- writing a research paper

# LISTENING: Important work for this class is to listen to and memorize the assigned recordings. Here are some suggestions on how to memorize this music effectively.

- Listen and engage multiple times each day (a minimum of 15 minutes per day)
- Create a "system" to help you identify compositions (Flash Cards, Excel Document, iTunes Labels)
- Listen and view multiple performances of assigned works
- Take notes in-class (to keep track of time periods and composers). For each fulllength piece, you should be able to identify the composition's name, composer, and time period after listening to as little as ten seconds from anywhere within the piece.

# **COURSE REQUIREMENTS, POLICIES & GUIDELINES:**

For detailed classroom policies including use of technology, spiritual care, the PLNU Academic Honesty Policy, PLNU Copyright Policy, PLNU Academic Accommodations Policy, FERPA, and State Authorization policy please see Course Syllabus Appendix in the first module on Canvas.

#### ASSESSMENT AND GRADING

Your grade will be based on the quality of your work in these areas:	Percentage Points
1. Chapter Quizzes (lowest 3 scores will be dropped)	15
2. Listening Quizzes (lowest 6 scores will be dropped)	15
3. Research Paper (no paper=course failure)	22
4. Assignments (including paper scaffolding projects)	10
5. Timeline	5
6. Concert Review	5
7. Exams (2 x 8%) plus Final (12%)	<u>30</u>
(In the examinations students will demonstrate their comprehension of	100

musical terms and concepts and recognition of music presented in the course.)

Α	В	С	D	F
A 93-100	B+ 87-89	C+77-79	D+ 67-69	F Less than 59
A- 90-92	B 83-86	С 73-76	D 63-66	
	B- 80-82	C- 70-72	D- 60-62	

Sample Standard Grade Scale Based on Percentages

#### **ASSIGNMENTS AND INCOMPLETES**

All assignments and projects are to be submitted/turned in by time assigned in Canvas. This is usually before the beginning of the class session when they are **due by 9:50 am; (the assignment will close at 9:55 am** to allow for those "just missed it" moments). **WASC guidelines indicate that 2 hours of outside preparation (homework) for every 1 hour in class is normal.** Exams must be taken on the date and at the time assigned. Incompletes for the course will only be assigned in extremely unusual circumstances.

In all assignments and discussions, it may be helpful to keep in mind the following levels of achievement:

D=some major composers, pieces, genres, and developments for each period

C=major composers, genres, pieces, and developments for each period

B=above plus some details regarding major composers, genres, developments, cultural events, and some minor composers

A=above plus details regarding individual works, numerous minor composers, development of genre and/or composer style development and comparison

#### **ADVICE FOR TAKING A MASTER'S ENTRANCE EXAM**

"Just make sure to tell them that no detail is too trivial to be put on the test. I was amazed at how specific some of the questions were. I think knowing key differences between composers, especially medieval and renaissance would be the first thing to study if I had to do it again. At times I felt like I needed to know each composer's favorite color and food, haha. They definitely test your medieval, renaissance and baroque knowledge more heavily than the other eras. Really sitting down and memorizing the listening examples while taking a music history class AND after passing the class would be incredibly beneficial as well. I sure didn't remember a lot of the titles and composers in the listening part of the test."

#### **MAJOR COURSE PROJECTS**

#### **RESEARCH PAPER (a major department assessment artifact—DLO A. 1. C)**

Your <u>thesis-based</u> term paper is due on **Sunday**, **Nov. 15 at 11:59.** A written proposal in outline form (topic, thesis statement, main points, supporting points and beginning bibliography) and other assignments will be completed to assist you in this process. The text of the paper should be about ten pages in length. This assignment must be successfully completed (D or higher) in order to pass the course. 22%

#### **IN-CLASS PRESENTATION**

Each student will choose a piece from our listening list to present in class. An acceptable 7-10 minute presentation will include a PowerPoint with details regarding the historical, theoretical and/or formal significance of this piece answering questions like: "why is this piece significant?" "Which form does it represent?" "Which stylistic developments are present?" See Canvas assignment for more details.

#### TIMELINE

In groups of 3, create a 2-D timeline of important musical events throughout the Medieval and Renaissance periods highlighting the main ideas of our course: music, composers, theorists, and culture. Timelines will be displayed on last day for review purposes. **5%** 

#### **CONCERT ATTENDANCE REPORT**

To acquaint you with the "historically informed" approach to performing music of this period, our class will "attend" an early music ensemble). See rubric for report guidelines. **5%** 

#### Bach Collegium San Diego SD Early Music Society

As this semester will begin online, you will be offered choices of several online concerts to "attend." I encourage you to get in the spirit: watch with friends, or, better yet, make a night out of it: 1) dress up, 2) enjoy a meal on Zoom "together," 3) then watch the whole concert complete with intermission refreshments, and 4) conclude with an after concert dessert and discussion of what you heard.

#### PLNU ATTENDANCE AND PARTICIPATION POLICY

Regular and punctual attendance at all **synchronous** class sessions is considered essential to optimum academic achievement (there may be a short class quiz). In some courses, a portion of the credit hour content will be delivered **asynchronously** and attendance will be determined by submitting the assignments by the posted due dates. If the student is absent for more than 10 percent of class sessions (virtual or face-to-face), the faculty member will issue a written warning of de-enrollment (3 classes in a 2-unit course). If the absences exceed 20 percent (six classes), the student may be de-enrolled without notice until the university drop date or, after that date, receive the appropriate grade for their work and participation. See <u>Academic Policies</u> in the Undergraduate Academic Catalog. If absences exceed these limits but are due to university excused health issues, an exception will be granted.

Please email the professor when absent. Good communication protects relationships. While there are no points awarded or deducted for attendance, absences can affect your grade in two ways: 1) according to school policy, any student with over 3 weeks of absences (6 classes in this course) can be summarily deregistered from the class (which could have financial and graduation repercussions for the student).

2) in any situation where grace is requested (late assignments, make-up work, and final grade assignment) attendance will be taken into consideration. Requests from students with greater than a 90% attendance rate may be treated more favorably.

#### Asynchronous Attendance/Participation Definition

A day of attendance in asynchronous content is determined as contributing a substantive note, assignment, discussion, or submission by the posted due date. Failure to meet these standards

will result in an absence for that day. Instructors will determine how many asynchronous attendance days are required each week.

#### RESOURCES

#### MUSIC HISTORY STUDY HELPS:

- How to Get the Most Out of Studying, Dr. Stephen Chew
  - o Video 1: Beliefs That Make You Fail...Or Succeed
  - o Video 2: What Students Should Understand About How People Learn
  - Video 3: Cognitive Principals for Optimizing Learning
  - Video 4: Putting the Principles for Optimizing Learning into Practice
  - Video 5: I Blew the Exam: Now What?

(These videos help students transition to college-level studying. He says "If students use ineffective or inefficient ways of studying, they can study long and hard and still fail. But if they use effective strategies, they will get the most learning out of their study time and be more likely to succeed." Each video lasts 7-9 minutes.)

- PLNU Ryan Library: Robin Lang—music department resource librarian
- Academic Support Center—Tutorial Center (study help, term paper assistance)
- The Study Cycle: Saundra McGuire. Canvas Resources module
- SQ3R: (strategy for studying a textbook). Canvas Resources module
- Make It Stick: Peter Brown.

#### BIBLIOGRAPHY

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Allabrook, Wye Jamison, ed., *Source Readings in Music History*, rev. ed., Vol. 5: *The Late Eighteenth Century*. NY: Norton, 1998. Print.

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Buelow, George J. A History of Baroque Music. Bloomington: Indiana University Press, 2004. Print.

Bukofzer, Manfred F. Music in the Baroque Era: from Monteverdi to Bach. NY: Norton, 1947. Print.

Brown, Howard Mayer and Sadie, Stanley, eds. *Performance Practice: Music after 1600*. NY: Norton, 1990. Print.

Burrows, Donald. *Handel and the English Chapel Royal*. Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2008. Print. 780.92 H236B

Cooper, Barry. Beethoven. Oxford, NY: Oxford University Press, 2008. Print. 780.92B415xC

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Einstein, Alfred. A Short History of Music. NY: Knopf, 1947. Print. 780.9 E35s3 . From Bach to Stravinsky. NY: Norton, 1933. Print. 780.922 E94f

Erickson, Raymond, ed. The Worlds of Johann Sebastian Bach. New York: Amadeus Press, 2009. Print.

Gallegher, Sean and Kelly, Thomas Forrest, eds. The Century of Bach and Mozart: Perspectives on Historiography, Composition, Theory, and Performance. Cambridge, Mass: Harvard University Department of Music: Harvard University Press, 2008. Print. 780.9033C397G

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Hunter, Mary Kathleen. Mozart's Operas: a Companion. New Haven, CT: Yale University Press, 2008. Print. 780.92M939Hun.

Hill, John Walter, Baroque Music. NY: Norton, 2005. Print.

Lang, Paul H. Music in Western Civilization. NY: Norton, 1941. Print. 780.9 L272m

and Otto Bettman. A Pictorial History of Music. NY: Norton, 1960. Print. 780.9 L272p

Menuhin, Yehudi and Curtis W. Davis. The Music of Men. NY: Simon & Schuster, 1986. Print. 780.9 M549m

Moore, Douglas. A Guide to Musical Styles. NY: Norton, 1962. Print. 780 M821g Murata, Margaret, ed., Source Readings in Music History, rev. ed., Vol. 5: The Baroque Era. NY: Norton, 1998. Print.

Newman, William S. The Sonata in the Baroque Era. Chapel Hill: U of North Carolina Press, 1966. Print.

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Weiss, Peiro and Taruskin, Richard, ed. Music in the Western World: A History in Documents, 2<sup>nd</sup> ed. Belmont, CA: Thomson/Schirmer, 2008. Print.

Williams, Peter. J. S. Bach: A Life in Music. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 2007. Print.

Zohn, Steven David. *Music for Mixed Taste: Style, Genre, and Meaning in Telemann's Instrumental Works.* NY: Oxford University Press, 2008. Print 780.82T368z

#### **MOVIES ABOUT COMPOSERS/MUSICIANS**

While not always factually accurate (it is Hollywood, after all), these movies can often give a wonderful sense of the life, cultural context, and especially the music of these composers in a way that brings to life these remarkable and talented individuals. (I trust our students can discern that, while each film is an artistic portrayal of music and the lives of musicians, not all scenes they contain reflect values espoused by the professor or university.)

- *Amadeus* (1984), Warner Bros. A fanciful retelling of the life of the most famous prodigy of them all, W A Mozart. Even if the premise of the plot is false, this winner of 8 Academy Awards beautifully and spectacularly captures the spirit and feel of the Classical era and its music.
- *Immortal Beloved* (1994), Columbia Pictures. The search for an anonymous "Immortal Beloved" tells some of the story of the personal challenges of the adult life of the most colossal figure in classical music, Ludwig von Beethoven.
- *Impromptu* (1991), Sovereign Pictures. A Hollywood version of the very real romantic relationship between the female writer George Sand and the master of the piano, Frederic Chopin.
- *Tous les matins du monde* (1991), Koch-Lorber Films. Perhaps the most achingly beautiful film about music I have ever seen, using the sound of the *viola da gamba* to explore different kinds of relationships, from romantic to professional to mentor. If this doesn't convince you Baroque music is about emotions, nothing will. Don't let the French subtitles scare you away (does include some explicit scenes).

<u>COURSE VOCABULARY:</u> While you may not see every one of these words on a test or quiz, these are some of the most important terms, concepts, and people to know for a well-rounded understanding of the information covered. These terms should help you survive a grad school entrance exam.

politicsrhythmeconomicsidiomatic stylespatronageornamentationnew forms/genresembellishmentBaroquetonalityaffectionsMonteverdiBaroque artfirst practicefirst practice <b>Chapter 14</b> second practiceoperapolaritylibrettobasso continuoGreek tragedyconcertatopastoral dramatuningmadrigal comedy	embellishment melody Florentine Camarata Galilei monody Caccini <i>Le nouve musiche</i> aria solo madrigal <i>Dafne</i> Peri Cavalieri <i>L'Euridice</i> recitative ritornello	L'Orfeo strophic variation <i>Combattimento</i> stile concitato <i>L'incoronazione</i> arioso Caccini Rome sinfonia castrati Venice public opera singers opera abroad impresario
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prima donna/diva theater vs. drama

#### Chapter 15

styles chamber music concertato style concerted madrigal-Mont. basso ostinato tetrachord chacona mid-c. cantata Germany sacred concertos Barbara Strozzi stile antico stile moderno J. J. Fux Gradus... large sacred concerto cori spezzati Gabrieli small sacred concerto Viadana oratorio Carissimi Schütz Kleine geistliche Konzerte musical figures historia passion Jewish music instrumental types toccata fantasia prelude ricercare cappricio fugue canzona sonata organ verse chorale prelude partita chorale variations passacaglia dances/suite

Chapter 16 French monarchy court ballet dance as control Fr. court music orchestra Lully tragedie lyrique divertissements Fr. overture récitative simple recitative mesuré notes inégales overdotting agréments tonality Charpentier petit motet grand motet de Lalande Fr. oratorio Fr. organ clavecin de la Guerre Couperin style brisé binary form dance suite forms German suites English masque Puritan music Purcell dramatic opera odes verse anthems viol consort folk dances public concert zarzuela Velasco romance villancico

#### Chapter 17

Legrenzi A. Scarlatti aria da capo cantata ritornello dim. seventh

serenata church music oratorios sonata da camera sonata da chiesa trio sonata solo sonata Stradivarius Guarneri Corelli church sonatas ornamentation tonality forward motion orchestral concerto concerto grosso solo concerto tutti ripieno Torelli German music Stadtpfiefer collegium musicum cosmopolitan German opera Missa salisburgensis Orthodox Pietists chorale sacred concerto Buxtehude organ music Pachelbel toccatas preludes fugue exposition answer episodes organ chorales chorale variations chorale fantasia chorale preludes harpsichord suite orchestral suite Muffat solo sonata scordatura synthesis

#### Chapter 18

middle class music conservatories castrati Neapolitan opera comic opera serious opera Roman music Venetian music Vivaldi oespedale concerto standard orchestra ritornello form episodes slow movement programmatic sinfonia **Concert Spirituel** Couperin harpsichord suite Fr. chamber music Fr./It. synthesis Rameau Traité de l'harmonie fundamental bass chords dissonance consonance functional tonality modulation Lully vs. Rameau Chapter 19 musical life

German synthesis Telemann J.S. Bach education/career **BWV** music copying organ music harpsichord music quodlibet instrumental music cantatas sacred music Händel education/career operas recitative secco

recitative accompagnato coloratura national influences waning of opera oratorio chorus musical rhetoric *Messiah* libretto borrowings instrumental works posterity

#### Chapter 20

international style Enlightenment Humanitarianism galant empfindsam classic periodicity oration/rhetoric Koch harmonic function harmonic motion Alberti bass form and function emotional contrast

#### Chapter 21

opera buffa intermezzo Pergolesi opera seria Metastasio Da capo aria Dal segno aria Hasse Lombardic rhythms War of Buffoons Rousseau opera comique ballad opera The Beggar's Opera Singspiel opera reform C. W. Gluck pleasure gardens national song Lied Reichardt Goethe church music Bay Psalm Book William Billings fuging tunes Moravians

#### Chapter 22

pianoforte string quartet instruments sonata sonata form other forms D. Scarlatti C. P. E. Bach Essay...Keyboard symphony B. Sammartini Mannheim J. Stamitz symphonie concertante concerto J. C. Bach entertainment music

#### Chapter 23

Haydn biography Charles Burney style wit function symphonies sonata-rondo Sturm und drang Paris, London string quartet scherzo keyboard vocal music Mozart biography Colloredo von Köchel Leopold Nannerl Tours important teachers career keyboard works topics chamber music concertos symphonies opera Da Ponte singspiel Freemasonry church music

classic

# **SCHEDULE OF READINGS, DISCUSSION & ASSIGNMENTS**

(This schedule is subject to revision as necessary; you are responsible for any announced changes.)

#### HWM 10<sup>th</sup> edition/NAWM 8<sup>th</sup> edition)

DATE	TOPIC READI		M NAWM ass) LISTENING	
1. 8/18-T Ch. 13) Class Introduction: Expectations, Policies, & Syllabus; Intro to Baroque				
2. 8/20-Th	Ch. 13) Baroque; The Second Practice: Monteverdi, Caccini	pp. 287-306	71, 72	
3. 8/25-T	Ch. 14) The Invention of Opera: Moneteverdi, Peri, Cesti	pp. 297-308	73, 74d	
4. 8/27-Th	Ch. 14) The Spread of Opera; Research Paper	pp. 308-316		
5. 9/1 <b>-T</b>	Ch. 15) Early 17th-c. Ch. and Church: Strossi, Grandi, Carissimi,		77, 78, 79, 80	
	Schütz,		81	
6. 9/3-Th	Research/Paper Basics: Ryan Library Assignment			
7. 9/8- <b>T</b>	Ch. 15) Early 17 <sup>th</sup> –c. Instrumental Music	pp. 330-338	82, 83, 84	
8. 9/10-Th	Ch. 16) 17 <sup>th</sup> -c. Fr. Opera/Inst.: Lully, Charpentier, Jacquet dlG	pp. 339-357	85, 89	
	PAPER PLAN DUE			
9. 9/15-T	Early Music Performance Practice: Ruben Valenzuela (BCSD)			
10. 9/17-Th	Ch. 16) 17th-c. Eng., Spain, New World: Purcell, Velasco, Araujo	pp. 358-370	90, 91, 92	
11. 9/22 <b>-T</b>	Review	••		
12. 9/24-Th	EXAM I (Ch. 13-16)			
13. 9/29 <b>-</b> T	Ch. 17) Late 17th-c. It. & Gr.: A Scarlatti, Corelli, Buxtehude	pp. 371-399	94, 96, 97	
14. 10/1-Th	Ch. 18) 18 <sup>th</sup> -c. Italy: Vivaldi	pp. 400-414	98	
15. 10/6 <b>-</b> T	Ch. 18) 18th-c. France: Couperin, Rameau	pp. 415-423	99, 100b	
16. 10/8-Th	Paper Preparation			
17. 10/13 <b>-T</b>	Ch. 19) German Late Baroque: Telemann, JS Bach Organ Works	pp. 424-431	102, 103	
	Ch. 19) JS Bach Keyboard/Instrumental Works	pp. 432-435	104	
18. 10/15-Th	Ch. 19) JS Bach Vocal Works	pp. 435-441	105	
19. 10/20 <b>-T</b>	Ch. 19) Händel's Vocal and Instrumental Works	pp. 441-453	107, 108, WM	
20. 10/22-Th	EXAM II (Ch. 17-19)			
21. 10/27-T	Ch. 20) Enlightenment.Taste and Style	pp. 454-470	TBA	
22. 10/29-Th	Ch. 21) Early Cl. Vocal Mus.: Pergolesi, Hasse, Gluck, Billings	pp. 471-493	109. 110, 113, 114	
23. 11/3 <b>-</b> T	Ch. 22) Early Cl. Inst. Mus.: D Scarlatti, CPE & JC Bach, Stamitz	z pp. 494-513	115, 117-120	
24. 11/5-Th	Ch. 23) Haydn's Symphonies	pp. 514-528	122	
25. 11/10 <b>-</b> T	Ch. 23) Haydn's Quartets and Vocal Music	pp. 528-533	121, 123	
26. 11/12-Th	Ch. 23) Mozart's Keyboard and Chamber Works	pp. 533-544	124, 125	
27. 11/17 <b>-</b> T	Ch. 23) Mozart's Symphonies and Operas	pp. 544-551	126, 127	
28. 11/19-Th				
29. 11/24-T R	leview			

(bold=large assignment)

#### DEC. 3 THURSDAY 10:30-1:00 FINAL EXAM

The final examination may include all materials covered in this course. It cannot be rescheduled. (According to university policy, only students with more than 3 exams on one day may petition to change an exam time. If this is your situation, please confirm directly with me before Fall Break. No other requests for early examinations or alternative days can be approved.)