



Department of Kinesiology
ATR 1002: Risk Management
& Emergency Response

Spring 2020

Meeting days: Tuesdays	Instructor: Ron Ungar MA EMT P
Meeting times: 3:30-5:25pm	Office phone: 619-865-4918
Location: K1	E-mail: ronungarflorida@outlook.com
Any additional info: Final Exam:	Office hrs: Please call cell phone
TBA	Canvas Login: canvas.pointloma.edu

COURSE DESCRIPTION and AIM

This course aims to provide you with in-depth study and eventual mastery of the knowledge and skills you will need as a health professional to perform treatment in emergency situations. Students will be prepared to act as first responders in health related situations and be prepared with the following skills:

- ✓ Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation
- ✓ Triage
- ✓ Wound Care
- ✓ Biohazardous Materials
- ✓ Scene Assessment

In the process, you will develop an emerging mastery of the Educational Competencies of the NATA's Educational Council (See Appendix D for details on these Competencies in preparation for the Board of Certification Examination for Athletic Trainers)

To be successful in this course, students must synthesize information presented in the lecture and laboratory and apply it to the clinical setting. Specifically, this means that studying for quizzes and tests should involve reviewing and integrating the essential ideas contained in both the lectures and the textbook. Where possible, we will do activities in class or have study sessions to improve your retention. Graded assignments (e.g, tests, quizzes, and group projects) will be used to help students identify, recall, synthesize and apply the key concepts in risk management and emergency response

STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES

Upon completing this course, you should be able to:

1. Students will be able to define the role of a 1st responder and articulate what skills and responsibilities they should possess
2. Students will be able to demonstrate and explain a familiarization with various psychosocial responses to personal and professional encounters during an emergency crisis or situation
3. Students will be able to maintain CPR/AED certification standards and keep them up to date following graduation
4. Students will be able to identify and demonstrate basic emergency skills during lab sessions and lab practical sessions
5. Students will demonstrate understanding of general medical issues through application, testing and lab practicals
6. Student will demonstrate an understanding of emergency medical systems and processes by passing the Red Cross multiple choice exam by 80%
7. Student will be able to observe, recognize and inspect for the clinical signs/symptoms associated with injuries or illness to the human body systems

REQUIRED TEXTS AND RECOMMENDED RESOURCES

		<i>EMERGENCY MEDICAL RESPONDER 11th Ed</i>
	ISBN	0-13-498846-9
	Publisher	Brady
	Publication Date	2019

ACADEMIC ACCOMMODATIONS

While all students are expected to meet the minimum academic standards for completion of this course, students with disabilities may require academic accommodations. To request academic accommodations, you'll need to file documentation with the [Disability Resource Center \(DRC\)](#), located in the Bond Academic Center. Once documentation is filed, the DRC will contact your instructors and provide written recommendations for reasonable and appropriate accommodation to meet your needs. If you have questions or would like to discuss those or any learning problems, please feel free to contact me. *See [Academic Policies](#) for full text.*

FERPA POLICY

As a student at Point Loma, you have a legal right to privacy as outlined in the federal FERPA (Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act) legislation. If I post grades or return assignments, I'll do so in a way that does not publically reveal your name, PLNU student ID, or social security number without your written permission. *See [Policy Statements](#) for full text.*

FINAL EXAMINATION POLICY

Successful completion of this class requires taking the final examination **on its scheduled day**. The final examination schedule is posted on the [Class Schedules](#) site. No requests for early examinations or alternative days will be approved.

USE OF TECHNOLOGY

Point Loma Nazarene University encourages the use of technology for learning, communication, and collaboration. In this course, we will rely on Canvas for accessing course materials, submitting assignments, and collaborating in discussion boards and blogs. We will also use cell phone polling when it enhances our in-class activities. You'll want to make sure you are comfortable with these tools, so take advantage of our computer LabTechs to answer questions and help you with any technology issues. You may also call the Help Desk at x2222.

You are welcome to bring your laptop, iPad, and/or cell phone to class—but please make sure you use them appropriately and responsibly. *If a tech tool becomes a distraction or disruption while class is in session, I will ask you to put it away or invite you to no longer bring it to class.*

ACADEMIC DISHONESTY

Students should demonstrate academic honesty by doing original work and by giving appropriate credit to the ideas of others. As stated in the university catalog, "Academic dishonesty is the act of presenting information, ideas, and/or concepts as one's own when in reality they are the results of another person's creativity and effort. Such acts include plagiarism, copying of class assignments, and copying or other fraudulent behavior on examinations. A faculty member who believes a situation involving academic dishonesty has been detected may assign a failing grade for a) that particular assignment or examination, and/or b) the course." *See [Academic Policies](#) for full text.*

ACTIVE LEARNING AND EVIDENCE BASED MEDICINE

Active Learning

Your active participation in this class will be required. You will be responsible for your own learning by reviewing class material before and after class. I will guide you in this process; however, in the end the onus of learning will be your responsibility. **Become intrinsically motivated to improve yourself and your understanding of therapeutic modality treatments** and techniques; if you do this you will succeed every time.

Here are some KEYS to success:

- o EFFORT (Work hard)
- o APPROACH (Work smart)
- o ATTITUDE (Think positively)

Evidence Based Medicine

Evidence based medicine (EBM) is the integration of clinically relevant research, clinical skills and experience, and patient preferences and values (Sackett et al 2000). The increased awareness **and focus on the practice of Evidence Based Medicine comes from our daily need for valid information about diagnosis, prognosis, therapy, and prevention.** We want to ask local questions about the effectiveness of therapeutic modalities and design ways to find answers. The EBM portion of this course is **designed so students can explore therapeutic modalities commonly used in the athletic training setting** and determine what **evidence is available to support their current uses.**


COURSE REQUIREMENTS

**Please Note: The PLNU Catalog states that 1 semester unit represents an hour of class per week, and 2 hours of preparation are normal for each hour of class. Therefore, if you spend about 6 hrs per week outside of class in preparation, you will significantly increase your chances of doing well!*

GRADING

A. Individual Skills

These skills are designed to test the student's practical knowledge of the material. In order to participate in hands-on work and labs students should dress in or bring a change of comfortable clothes to class. Please do not wear excessive make-up or jewelry. **A pocket mask and gloves to are**

7. Special Populations 	12-9 (M)	Chapter 26: Childbirth Skills Lab: Blood Pressure	
	12-11 (W)	Chapters 27-28	Final Draft of Video Due Quiz #7 Due on Canvas
	12-20 (F)	AL EXAM 10:30-1:00	**Final Examination**

Code	Description
ATR 102	Risk Management & Emergency Response
AC-1	Explain the legal, moral, and ethical parameters that define the athletic trainer's scope of acute and emergency care.
AC-2	Differentiate the roles and responsibilities of the athletic trainer from other pre-hospital care and hospital-based providers, including emergency medical technicians/paramedics, nurses, physician assistants, and physicians.
AC-3	Describe the hospital trauma level system and its role in the transportation decision-making process.
AC-4	Demonstrate the ability to perform scene, primary, and secondary surveys.
AC-5	Obtain a medical history appropriate for the patient's ability to respond.
AC-6	When appropriate, obtain and monitor signs of basic body functions including: pulse, blood pressure, respiration, pulse oximetry, pain, and core temperature. Relate changes in vital signs to the patient's status.
AC-7	Differentiate between normal and abnormal physical findings (eg, pulse, blood pressure, heart and lung sounds, oxygen saturation, pain, core temperature) and the associated pathophysiology.
AC-8	Explain the indications, guidelines, proper techniques, and necessary supplies for removing equipment and clothing in order to access the airway, evaluate and/or stabilize an athlete's injured body part.
AC-9	Differentiate the types of airway adjuncts (oropharyngeal airways [OPA], nasopharyngeal airways [NPA] and supraglottic airways [King LT-D or Combitube]) and their use in maintaining a patent airway in adult respiratory and/or cardiac arrest.
AC-10	Establish and maintain an airway, including the use of oro- and nasopharyngeal airways, and neutral spine alignment in an athlete with a suspected spine injury who may be wearing shoulder pads, a helmet with and without a face guard, or other protective equipment.
AC-10a	oropharyngeal airway
AC-10b	nasopharyngeal airway
AC-11	Determine when suction for airway maintenance is indicated and use according to accepted practice protocols.
AC-12	Identify cases when rescue breathing, CPR, and/or AED use is indicated according to current accepted practice protocols.
AC-13	Utilize an automated external defibrillator (AED) according to current accepted practice protocols.
AC-14	Perform one- and two- person CPR on an infant, child and adult.
AC-15	Utilize a bag valve and pocket mask on a child and adult using supplemental oxygen.
AC-16	Explain the indications, application, and treatment parameters for supplemental oxygen administration for emergency situations.
AC-17	Administer supplemental oxygen with adjuncts (eg, non-rebreather mask, nasal cannula).
AC-18	Assess oxygen saturation using a pulse oximeter and interpret the results to guide decision making.
AC-19	Explain the proper procedures for managing external hemorrhage (eg, direct pressure, pressure points, tourniquets) and the rationale for use of each.
AC-20	Select and use the appropriate procedure for managing external hemorrhage.

AC-21	Explain aseptic or sterile techniques, approved sanitation methods, and universal precautions used in the cleaning, closure, and dressing of wounds.
AC-22	Select and use appropriate procedures for the cleaning, closure, and dressing of wounds, identifying when referral is necessary.
AC-23	Use cervical stabilization devices and techniques that are appropriate to the circumstances of an injury.
AC-24	Demonstrate proper positioning and immobilization of a patient with a suspected spinal cord injury.
AC-25	Perform patient transfer techniques for suspected head and spine injuries utilizing supine log roll, prone log roll with push, prone log roll with pull, and lift-and-slide techniques.
AC-25a	supine log roll
AC-25b	prone log roll with push
AC-25c	prone log roll with pull
AC-25d	lift-and-slide
AC-26	Select the appropriate spine board, including long board or short board, and use appropriate immobilization techniques based on the circumstance of the patient's injury.
AC-27	Explain the role of core body temperature in differentiating between exertional heat stroke, hyponatremia, and head injury.
AC-30	Explain the role of rapid full body cooling in the emergency management of exertional heat stroke.
AC-36	Identify the signs, symptoms, interventions and, when appropriate, the return-to-participation criteria for:
AC-36a	sudden cardiac arrest
AC-36d	heat illness including heat cramps, heat exhaustion, exertional heat stroke, and hyponatremia
AC-36g	internal hemorrhage
AC-36h	diabetic emergencies including hypoglycemia and ketoacidosis
AC-36j	systemic allergic reaction, including anaphylactic shock
AC-36k	epileptic and non- epileptic seizures
AC-36l	shock
AC-36m	hypothermia, frostbite
AC-37	Select and apply appropriate splinting material to stabilize an injured body area.
AC-38	Apply appropriate immediate treatment to protect the injured area and minimize the effects of hypoxic and enzymatic injury.
AC-39	Select and implement the appropriate ambulatory aid based on the patient's injury and activity and participation restrictions.
AC-40	Determine the proper transportation technique based on the patient's condition and findings of the immediate examination.
AC-41	Identify the criteria used in the decision-making process to transport the injured patient for further medical examination.
AC-42	Select and use the appropriate short-distance transportation methods, such as: the log roll or lift and slide, for an injured patient in different situations.
AC-43	Instruct the patient in home care and self-treatment plans for acute conditions.
CE-16	Recognize the signs and symptoms of catastrophic and emergent conditions and demonstrate appropriate referral decisions.
CE-20	Use standard techniques and procedures for the clinical examination of common injuries, conditions, illnesses, and diseases including, but not limited to:
CE-20h	circulatory assessments (pulse, blood pressure, auscultation)
CE-20i	abdominal assessments (percussion, palpation, auscultation)

CIP-6	Clinically evaluate and manage a patient with an emergency injury or condition to include the assessment of: vital signs and level of consciousness, activation of emergency action plan, secondary assessment, diagnosis, and provision of the appropriate emergency care (eg, CPR, AED, supplemental oxygen, airway adjunct, splinting, spinal stabilization, control of bleeding).
HA-16	Describe federal and state infection control regulations and guidelines, including universal precautions as mandated by the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), for the prevention, exposure, and control of infectious diseases and discuss how they apply to the practicing of athletic training.
HA-17	Identify key regulatory agencies that impact healthcare facilities, and describe their function in the regulation and overall delivery of healthcare.
HA-20	Create a risk management plan and develop associated policies and procedures to guide the operation of athletic training services within a healthcare facility to include issues related to security, fire, electrical and equipment safety, emergency preparedness, and hazardous chemicals.
HA-21	Develop comprehensive, venue-specific emergency action plans for the care of acutely injured or ill individuals.
HA-22	Develop specific plans of care for common potential emergent conditions (eg, asthma attack, diabetic emergency).
HA-24	Describe a plan to access appropriate medical assistance on disease control, notify medical authorities, and prevent disease epidemics.
HA-29	Explain typical administrative policies and procedures that govern first aid and emergency care.
PHP-10	Explain the principles of the body's thermoregulatory mechanisms as they relate to heat gain and heat loss.
PHP-12	Summarize current practice guidelines related to physical activity during extreme weather conditions (eg, heat, cold, lightning, wind).
PHP-17	Explain the etiology and prevention guidelines associated with the leading causes of sudden death during physical activity, including but not limited to:
PHP-17a	Cardiac arrhythmia or arrest
PHP-17d	Exertional heat stroke
PHP-17g	Anaphylactic shock
PHP-17h	Cervical spine injury
PHP-17i	Lightning strike
PHP-21	Summarize the principles and concepts related to the fabrication, modification, and appropriate application or use of orthotics and other dynamic and static splints.
PHP-36	Describe current guidelines for proper hydration and explain the consequences of improper fluid/electrolyte replacement.
PS-17	Describe the psychological and emotional responses to a catastrophic event, the potential need for a psychological intervention and a referral plan for all parties affected by the event.

9/10 LECTURE- CH 1 LAB 2 and 3

9/17 LECTURE- CH 4 LAB 5,6 and 7

9/24 LECTURE CH 8 LAB 9 and 10

10/1 LECTURE CH 11 LAB 12 EXAM

10/8 LECTURE EXAM 1 LAB- VITAL SIGNS AIRWAY SKILLS

10/15 LECTURE CH 13 LAB- PATIENT ASSESSMENT

10/22 LECTURE 14 LAB CPR

10/29 LECTURE CH 15 LAB CH 16 and 17

11/5 LECTURE- 18 LAB 19 and 20

11/12 LECTURE CH 21 LAB 22 and 23

11/19 LECTURE CH 23 LAB CH 24 and 25

11/26 LECTURE INTRO TO SIMS LAB SKILLS REVIEW

12/3 DAY 1 SIMS LECTURE AND LAB

12/10 DAY 2 SIMS

12/17- FINAL

GRADING

LECTURE Quizzes 50%

Exams 50%

Your lowest quiz score will be dropped.

LAB SIMS write up 100%

A-90 and above

B 80-89

C 70-79

D 60-69